

HEALTH DISPARITIES IN CONNECTICUT CANCER

Not everybody has the same opportunities to be as healthy as possible. Some groups are disproportionately affected by social, economic, and environmental challenges that can make it harder to access health care and other resources needed for good health. The results are disparities in health outcomes.

Rate per 100,000 people				
Race	White	Black	Hispanic	
Rate	138.7	154.8	91.4	

Cancer deaths in Connecticut, 2021

BREAST CANCER

White women are more likely than Black women to be diagnosed with breast cancer, but Black women are more likely to die from it.

Breast cancer deaths, 2019²

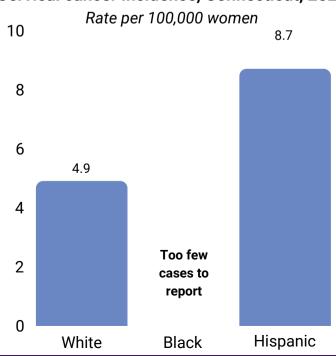
Rate per 100,000 women

Race	Rate
White	16.3
Black	17.4
Hispanic	9.6

CERVICAL CANCER

Hispanic women are nearly twice as likely as white women to be diagnosed with cervical cancer.

Cervical cancer incidence, Connecticut, 2021[°]

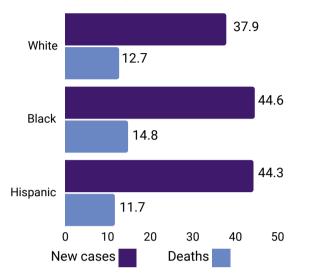


Learn more about health disparities and what we can do to improve health for everyone at www.cthealth.org.

COLORECTAL CANCER

Black men in Connecticut are significantly more likely to be diagnosed with colorectal cancer and to die from it.

Colorectal cancer, Connecticut, 2016-2020⁴ *Rate per 100,000 men*



UTERINE CANCER

Black women are more than twice as likely as white women to die from uterine cancer.

Uterus and corpus cancer deaths, Connecticut, 2016-2020⁶ Rate per 100,000 women

Rate	Race
White	4.1
Black	8.7
Hispanic	4.0

Note: White and Black categories include only those who did not identify as Hispanic

SOURCES

- 1 KFF, <u>"Total cancer deaths per 100,000 by race/ethnicity,</u>" 2021.
- 2 KFF, "Total breast cancer deaths per 100,000 by race/ethnicity," 2021
- 3 KFF, "Cervical cancer incidence rate per 100,000 women by race/ethnicity," 2019

4 U.S. Cancer Statistics Working Group, U.S. Cancer Statistics Data Visualizations Tool, "Colon and rectum cancer," 2016-2020

5 U.S. Cancer Statistics Working Group, U.S. Cancer Statistics Data Visualizations Tool, "Prostate cancer," 2016-2020

6 U.S. Cancer Statistics Working Group, U.S. Cancer Statistics Data Visualizations Tool, "Corpus and uterine cancer NOS," 2016-2020

7 U.S. Cancer Statistics Working Group, U.S. Cancer Statistics Data Visualizations Tool, "Liver and intrahepatic bile duct cancer," 2016-2020

PROSTATE CANCER

Black men are nearly twice as likely as white men to die from prostate cancer.

Prostate cancer deaths, Connecticut, 2016-2020⁵

Rate per 100,000 men

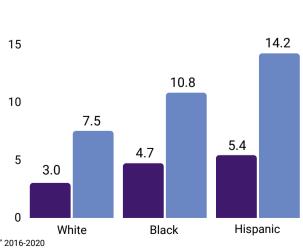
Race	Rate
White	17.5
Black	33.1
Hispanic	13.4

LIVER AND BILE DUCT CANCER

Hispanic men are nearly twice as likely to die from liver and bile duct cancer as white men. Deaths from this cancer are less common among women, but among Hispanic women, the rate of death is significantly higher than among white women.

Liver and bile duct cancer deaths, Connecticut, 2016-2020 7

Rate per 100,000 people



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